

Office-Based Procedure, Surgery and Anesthesia (OBS) Laws

VS.

Targeted Regulation of Abortion Providers (TRAP) Laws

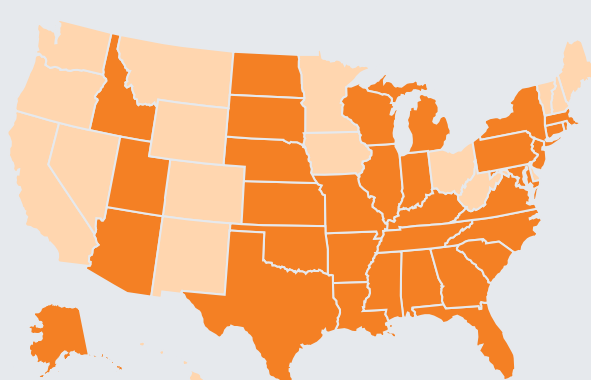
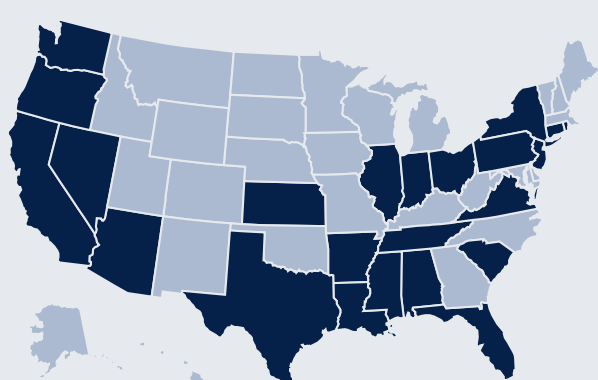
Targeted Regulation of Abortion Providers (TRAP laws) do not bring abortion-providing facilities in line with other health care facilities, but instead subject them to different and more stringent requirements.

PREVALENCE

States have enacted:

25 OBS laws in 25 states

55 TRAP laws in 34 states



APPLICABILITY

Level of Sedation

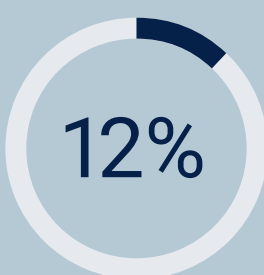


Ninety-two percent of **OBS** laws only apply to facilities using a specified level of anesthesia or sedation.

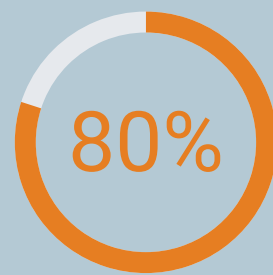


Zero percent of **TRAP** laws apply to abortion-providing facilities based on the level of anesthesia or sedation they use.

Types of Interventions



Twelve percent of **OBS** laws apply to facilities regardless of whether they provide any procedures or surgeries.



Eighty percent of **TRAP** laws apply to facilities that provide medication abortion even if they provide no procedures or surgeries at all.

FACILITY REQUIREMENTS

25 OBS laws

39 TRAP laws



Facility Licensing



Separate Recovery Room



Specific Minimum Hallway or Doorway Widths



ARRANGEMENTS FOR PATIENT TRANSFERS

The majority of OBS laws and TRAP laws require arrangements for patient transfers but the type of arrangements required differ significantly.

40%

Plan or Protocol Satisfactory for Transfers

10%

40%

Hospital Transfer Agreements and/or Physician Admitting Privileges Required

87%

PENALTIES FOR NON-COMPLIANCE

28%

Criminal Penalties, Fines, and/or Licensing Sanctions

95%