



# The stigma of having an abortion in the United States:

A psychometric scale

Kate Cockrill, MPH ■ Janet Turan, PhD ■ Ushma Upadhyay, PhD ■ Diana Greene Foster, PhD

# Background

Abortion is a common yet stigmatized health experience for women in the United States. In the absence of a valid measure, however, little is known about how abortion stigma affects women's mental and emotional wellbeing, nor about effects on their subsequent reproductive behaviors or outcomes.

Our objective is to develop a theory-based, validated instrument to measure stigma among women who have had abortions in the United States.

## Methods

#### Background research/item formation

On the basis of three qualitative studies of women's experiences with abortion and a review of theory on stigma for other health and social issues, we developed a preliminary conceptualization of individual-level abortion stigma¹ which included four manifestations:

- Felt Stigma: Expectations for poor treatment because of abortion and perceptions of negative community attitudes toward abortion
- Enacted Stigma: Experiences of discrimination or poor treatment because of abortion
- Internalized Stigma: Negative attitudes directed at self because of abortion
- Stigma Management: Behaviors to manage reputation or others' knowledge of abortion

We began with a list of 66 items based on this research. After cognitive interviews with family planning clients at 3 Northern California clinics, we removed 24 items, added 14 items, and altered some answer categories and prompts. The final item pool included 56 items to be tested through survey and factor analysis.

#### Survey implementation

A survey containing the 56 stigma items and additional demographic, pregnancy history, relationship items and contraceptive decisionmaking items was programmed into Iform Builder to be self-administered by women on IPads. The abortion stigma items appeared on surveys for women at family planning clinics who reported one or more abortions. Between January and May 2011, the survey was taken by 652 family planning clients in six states—California, Colorado, Tennessee, New Jersey, Florida, and Michigan.

#### Analysis

We used principal components analysis with orthogonal rotation to identify factors and construct a reliable measure of abortion stigma. Cronbach's alpha was estimated to assess consistency within each group of items and eliminate items that were inconsistent with the other variables in the same factor. We also eliminated three items because they were highly covariant with existing items in our subscales.



### Factor analysis revealed 4 Abortion Stigma Sub-Scales (20 items total) (Alpha= 0.88)

Anticipated Judgment

(Alpha=0.93)

Range: 0-3

Mean score: .86

Prompt: The following questions are about the things you worried about around the time of your most recent abortion. Make the selection that best describes what were you worried about.

Possible answers: Not Worried, A Little Worried, Quite Worried, Extremely Worried

1. Other people might find out about my

2. My abortion would negatively affect my relationship with someone I love.

- 3. I would disappoint someone I love.
- 4. I would be humiliated.
- 5. People would gossip about me.
- 6. I would be rejected by someone I love.
- 7. People would judge me negatively.

Social Support

(Alpha=0.80)

Mean score: 2.28

Range: 0-3.5

Judgment

Mean score: 1.2

Range: -.8 - 3.25

Attitudes

(Alpha= 0.78)

Range: 0-4

Mean score: 1.85

Prompt: The following questions are about talking to your close friends and relations about your abortion. Think about your most recent abortion. Make the selection that best describes your experience.

Possible answers: Never, Once, More than Once, Multiple Times or Strongly Disagree, Disagree, Neither Agree Nor Disagree, Agree, Strongly Agree

you felt at the time of your most recent abortion.

Please make the selection that best describes

Possible answers: Strongly Disagree, Disagree,

Neither Agree Nor Disagree, Agree, Strongly

- 1. I have had a conversation with someone I am close with about my abortion.
- 2. I was open with someone that I am close with about my feelings about my abortion.

3. I felt the support of someone that I am close

- with at the time of my abortion. 4. I can talk to the people I am close with
- about my abortion. 5. I can trust the people I am close to with information about my abortion
- 6. When I had my abortion, I felt supported by the people I was close with.
- Prompt: The following questions are about how 1. I felt like a bad person.
  - 2. I felt confident I had made the right decision.
  - 3. I felt ashamed about my abortion. 4. I felt selfish.
  - 5. I felt guilty.

## Prompt: The following questions are about the Community

your feelings.

community you lived in around the time of your abortion. How much of your community (city or town) held the following beliefs?

Possible answers: No one, A few people, About half the people, Many people, Most people

- . Abortion is always wrong.
- 2. Abortion is the same as murder.

#### Discussion

Our four-factor model overlaps but is not entirely consistent with our original conceptualization of the stigma of having an abortion. Our factor Self Judgment is consistent with our predicted factor Internalized Stigma. However, our analysis suggests that two elements of what we termed Felt Stigma are actually independent factors: Anticipated Judgment and Community Attitudes. Finally, we identified a fourth factor that we did not anticipate in our original conceptualization: Social Support.

Our analysis provides a better understanding of the experience of abortion stigma and a reliable instrument to assess that experience. This scale will enable us and other researchers to explore the predictors and consequences of abortion stigma. It will also enable advocates and health care providers to develop and evaluate interventions aimed at reducing stigma around abortion for women.

In future analyses, we will examine the sociodemographic determinants of abortion stigma and the long-term effects of abortion stigma on emotional and physical well-being.

Study team: Erica Sedlander, Sandi Ma, Elisette Weiss, Jen Grand, Maya Newman

Herek, G. 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Quotes from Landscape Study, ANSIRH, 2009